Regulation 1668. SALES FOR RESALE.

References: Sections 6012.8, 6012.9, 6072, 6091–6095, 6241–6245, 6484, 6485, and 7153, Revenue and Taxation Code.

(a) RESALE CERTIFICATE.

The burden of proving that a sale of tangible personal property is not at retail is upon the seller unless the seller timely takes in good faith a certificate from the purchaser that the property is purchased for resale. If timely taken in proper form as set forth in subdivision (b) and in good faith from a person who is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property and who holds a California seller's permit as required by Regulation 1699, "Permits," the certificate relieves the seller from liability for the sales tax and the duty of collecting the use tax. A certificate will be considered timely if it is taken at any time before the seller bills the purchaser for the property, or any time within the seller's normal billing and payment cycle, or any time at or prior to delivery of the property to the purchaser. A resale certificate remains in effect until revoked in writing.

(b) FORM OF CERTIFICATE.

- (1) Any document, such as a letter or purchase order, timely provided by the purchaser to the seller will be regarded as a resale certificate with respect to the sale of the property described in the document if it contains all of the following essential elements:
 - (A) The signature of the purchaser, purchaser's employee, or authorized representative of the purchaser.
 - **(B)** The name and address of the purchaser.
- **(C)** The number of the seller's permit held by the purchaser. If the purchaser is not required to hold a permit because the purchaser sells only property of a kind the retail sale of which is not taxable, e.g., food products for human consumption, or because the purchaser makes no sales in this State, the purchaser must include on the certificate a sufficient explanation as to the reason the purchaser is not required to hold a California seller's permit in lieu of a seller's permit number.
- **(D)** A statement that the property described in the document is purchased for resale. The document must contain the phrase "for resale." The use of phrases such as "nontaxable," "exempt," or similar terminology is not acceptable. The property to be purchased under the certificate must be described either by an itemized list of the particular property to be purchased for resale, or by a general description of the kind of property to be purchased for resale.
- **(E)** Date of execution of document. (An otherwise valid resale certificate will not be considered invalid solely on the ground that it is undated.)
- (2) A document containing the essential elements described in paragraph—subdivision (b)(1) above—is the minimum form which will be regarded as a resale certificate. However, in order to preclude potential controversy, the seller should timely obtain from the purchaser a certificate substantially in the form shown in Appendix A of this regulation. If a purchaser operates an auto body repair and/or paint business, a specific resale certificate in substantially the same form as shown in Appendix B of this regulation should be used, rather than the general resale certificate shown in Appendix A.
- (3) <u>Blanket Resale Certificate:</u> If a purchaser issues a general (blanket) resale certificate which provides a general description of the items to be purchased, and subsequently issues a purchase order which indicates that the transaction covered by the purchase order is taxable, the resale certificate does not apply with respect to that transaction. However, the purchaser will bear the burden of establishing either that the purchase order was sent to and received by the seller within the seller's billing cycle or prior to delivery of the property to the purchaser (whichever is the later), or that the tax or tax reimbursement was paid to the seller. The purchaser may avoid this burden by using the procedures described in subdivision (b)(4) below.
- (4) Qualified Resale Certificate: If a purchaser wishes to designate on each purchase order whether the property being purchased is for resale, the seller should obtain a qualified resale certificate, i.e., one that states "see purchase order" in the space provided for a description of the property to be purchased. Each purchase order must then specify whether or not the property covered by the order is purchased for resale. or whether tax applies to the erder. The use of the phrases "for resale," "resale = yes," "nontaxable," "taxable = no," or similar terminology on a purchase order, indicating that tax or tax reimbursement should not be added to the sales invoice will be regarded as designating that the property described is purchased for resale provided the combination of the purchase order and the qualified resale certificate contains all the essential elements provided in subdivision (b)(1). However, a purchase

order where the applicable amount of tax is shown as \$0 or is left blank will not be accepted as designating that the property is purchased for resale, unless the purchase order also includes the phrase "for resale" or other terminology described above to specify that the property is purchased for resale. If each purchase order does not so specify, or is not issued timely within the meaning of subdivision (a), it will be presumed assumed that the property covered by that purchase order was not purchased for use, and not for resale and that the sale or purchase is subject to tax. If the purchase order includes both items to be resold and items to be used, the purchase order must specify which items are purchased for resale and which items are purchased for use. For example, a purchase order issued for raw materials produced parts for resale and also for tooling used to produce the parts process the raw materials should specify that the raw materials parts are purchased for resale and that the sale of the tooling is subject to tax.

The seller shall retain copies of the purchase orders along with the qualified resale certificates in order to support the sales for resale.

- (5) If the seller does not timely obtain a resale certificate, the fact that the purchaser deletes the tax or tax reimbursement from the seller's billing, provides a seller's permit number to the seller, or informs the seller that the transaction is "not taxable" does not relieve the seller from liability for the tax nor from the burden of proving the sale was for resale.
- (c) GOOD FAITH. In absence of evidence to the contrary, a seller will be presumed to have taken a resale certificate in good faith if the resale certificate contains the essential elements as described in <u>subdivision</u> (b)(1) and otherwise appears to be valid on its face. If the purchaser insists that the purchaser is buying for resale property of a kind not normally resold in the purchaser's business, the seller should require a resale certificate containing a statement that the specific property is being purchased for resale in the regular course of business.
- (d) IMPROPER USE OF CERTIFICATE. Except when a resale certificate is issued in accordance with subdivision (h) or (i):
- (1) A purchaser, including any officer or employee of a corporation, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable as provided in section 7153 if the purchaser, for the purpose of evading payment to the seller of tax or tax reimbursement, gives a resale certificate for property which the purchaser knows at the time of purchase will be used rather than resold.
- (2) Any person, including any officer or employee of a corporation, who gives a resale certificate for property which he or she knows at the time of purchase is not to be resold by him or her or the corporation in the regular course of business is liable to the state for the amount of tax that would be due if he or she had not given such resale certificate. In addition to the tax, the person shall be liable to the state for a penalty of 10 percent of the tax or five hundred dollars (\$500) whichever is greater, for each purchase made for personal gain or to evade the payment of taxes, as provided in sections 6072 and 6094.5.
- (3) In addition to the penalty of 10 percent or five hundred dollars (\$500), whichever is greater, if the person fails to report and pay the use tax due on the use of the property purchased improperly with a resale certificate, the person may be liable for the 10 percent penalty for negligence or the 25 percent penalty for fraud, as provided in sections 6484 and 6485.
- (e) OTHER EVIDENCE TO REBUT PRESUMPTION OF TAXABILITY. A sale for resale is not subject to sales tax. A person who purchases property for resale and who subsequently uses the property owes tax on that use. A resale certificate which is not timely taken is not retroactive and will not relieve the seller of the liability for the tax. Consequently, if the seller does not timely obtain a resale certificate containing the essential elements as described in (b)(1), the seller will be relieved of liability for the tax only where the seller shows that the property:
- (1) Was in fact resold by the purchaser and was not used by the purchaser for any purpose other than retention, demonstration, or display while holding it for sale in the regular course of business, or
- (2) Is being held for resale by the purchaser and has not been used by the purchaser for any purpose other than retention, demonstration, or display while holding it for sale in the regular course of business, or
- (3) Was consumed by the purchaser and tax was reported directly to the Board by the purchaser on the purchaser's sales and use tax return, or
- (4) Was consumed by the purchaser and tax was paid to the Board by the purchaser pursuant to an assessment against or audit of the purchaser developed either on an actual basis or test basis.

The proposed amendments contained in this document may not be adopted. Any revisions that are adopted may differ from this text.

- (f) USE OF XYZ LETTERS. A seller who does not timely obtain a resale certificate may use any verifiable method of establishing that it should be relieved of liability for tax under subdivision (e). One method that the Board authorizes to assist a seller in satisfying its burden that the sale was for resale or that tax was paid, is the use of "XYZ letters." XYZ letters are letters in a form approved by the Board which are sent to some or all of the seller's purchasers inquiring as to the purchaser's disposition of the property purchased from the seller. An XYZ letter will include certain information and request responses to certain questions, set forth below. The XYZ letter may also be further customized by agreement between the Board's staff and the seller to reflect the seller's particular circumstances.
- (1) An XYZ letter may include the following information: seller's name and permit number, date of invoice(s), invoice number(s), purchase order number(s), amount of purchase(s), and a description of the property purchased or other identifying information. A copy of the actual invoice(s) may be attached to the XYZ letter. The XYZ letter will request the purchaser to complete the statement and include the purchaser's name, seller's permit number and nature of the purchaser's business. The statement shall be signed by the purchaser, purchaser's employee or authorized representative, and include the printed name of person signing the certificate, title, date, telephone number and city.
- (2) An XYZ letter will request that the purchaser, purchaser's employee or authorized representative check one of the boxes provided inquiring as to whether the property in question was:
- **(A)** Purchased for resale and resold in the form of tangible personal property, without any use other than retention, demonstration, or display while being held for sale in the regular course of business;
- **(B)** Purchased for resale and presently in resale inventory, without having been used for any purpose other than retention, demonstration, or display while being held for sale in the regular course of business;
- **(C)** Purchased solely for leasing and was so leased. Tax has been paid directly to the Board measured by the purchase price or rental receipts ("tangible personal property"); or tax has been paid measured by the purchase price or fair rental value ("mobile transportation equipment").
 - (D) Purchased for resale but consumed or used (whether or not subsequently resold); or
 - (E) Purchased for use.
- **(F)** When the purchaser answers either (D) or (E) affirmatively (box checked), the XYZ letter will inquire further whether:
- 1. The tax was paid directly to the Board on the purchaser's Sales and Use Tax Return, and if so, in what amount;
 - 2. The tax was added to the billing of the seller and remitted to the seller, and if so, in what amount;
- 3. The tax was paid directly to the Board by the purchaser pursuant to an assessment against or audit of the purchaser developed either on an actual basis or test basis.
 - 4. The purchaser confirms that the purchase is a taxable transaction and that tax is applicable.
- (3) A response to an XYZ letter is not equivalent to a timely and valid resale certificate. A purchaser responding affirmatively to questions reflected in paragraphs (A), (B), (C), or (D) of subdivision (f)(2) will be regarded as confirming the seller's belief that a sale was for resale for purposes of subdivision (g). However, the Board is not required to relieve a seller from liability for sales tax or use tax collection based on a response to an XYZ letter. The Board may, in its discretion, verify the information provided in the response to the XYZ letter, including making additional contact with the purchaser or other persons to determine whether the purchase was for resale or for use or whether tax was paid by the purchaser. When the Board accepts the purchaser's response to an XYZ letter as a valid response, the Board shall relieve the seller of liability for sales tax or use tax collection.
- (4) When there is no response to an XYZ letter, the Board staff should consider whether it is appropriate to use an alternative method to ascertain whether the seller should be relieved of tax under subdivision (e) with respect to the questioned or unsupported transaction(s).
- (g) PURCHASER'S LIABILITY FOR TAX. A purchaser who issues a resale certificate containing the essential elements as described in subdivision (b)(1) and that otherwise appears valid on its face, or who otherwise purchases tangible personal property that is accepted by the Board as purchased for resale pursuant to subdivision (f) and who

thereafter makes any storage or use of the property other than retention, demonstration, or display while holding it for sale in the regular course of business is liable for use tax on the cost of the property. The tax is due at the time the property is first stored or used and must be reported and paid by the purchaser with the purchaser's tax return for the period in which the property is first so stored or used. A purchaser cannot retroactively rescind or revoke a resale certificate and thereby cause the transaction to be subject to sales tax rather than use tax.

A purchaser who issues a resale certificate for property which the purchaser knows at the time of purchase is not to be resold in the regular course of business is liable for the sales tax on that purchase measured by the gross receipts from the sale to that purchaser. The tax is due as of the time the property was sold to the purchaser and must be reported and paid by the purchaser with the purchaser's tax return for the period in which the property was sold to the purchaser.

(h) MOBILEHOMES. A mobilehome retailer who purchases a new mobilehome for sale to a customer for installation for occupancy as a residence on a foundation system pursuant to Section 1851 of the Health and Safety Code, or for installation for occupancy as a residence pursuant to Section 18613 of the Health and Safety Code, and which mobilehome is thereafter subject to property taxation, may issue a resale certificate to the mobilehome vendor even though the retailer is classified as a consumer of the mobilehome by Sections 6012.8 and 6012.9 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. Also, effective September 19, 1985, a mobilehome retailer, licensed as a mobilehome dealer under Section 18002.6 of the Health and Safety Code, who purchases a new mobilehome for sale to a customer for installation for occupancy as a residence on a foundation system pursuant to Section 18551 of the Health and Safety Code, may issue a resale certificate to the mobilehome vendor even though the mobilehome retailer may have the mobilehome installed on a foundation system as an improvement to realty prior to the retailer's sale of the mobilehome to the customer for occupancy as a residence.

Where the mobilehome is acquired by a mobilehome retailer, who is not licensed as a dealer pursuant to Section 18002.6 of the Health and Safety Code, for affixation by the retailer to a permanent foundation, or for other use or consumption (except demonstration or display while holding for sale in the regular course of business), prior to sale, the mobilehome retailer may not issue a resale certificate. The mobilehome retailer shall notify the vendor that the purchase is for consumption and not for resale. When a mobilehome manufacturer or other vendor is informed or has knowledge that the purchaser will install the mobilehome on a permanent foundation prior to its resale, the manufacturer or other vendor is not making a sale for resale. Such vendor is making a taxable retail sale and cannot accept a resale certificate in good faith.

(i) MOBILE TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT. Any person, other than a person exempt from use tax, such as under Revenue and Taxation Code section 6352, who purchases mobile transportation equipment for the sole purpose of leasing that equipment, may issue a resale certificate for the limited purpose of reporting use tax based on fair rental value as provided in Regulation 1661.

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APPENDIX A

California Resale Certificate

Н	EREBY CERTIFY:							
1.	I hold valid seller's permit number:							
2.	I am engaged in the business of selling the following type of tangible personal property:							
3.	This certificate is for the purchase from of the item(s) I have listed in paragraph 5 below. [Vendor's name]							
4.	I will resell the item(s) listed in paragraph 5, which I am purchasing under this resale certificate in the form of tangible personal property in the regular course of my business operations, and I will do so prior to making any use of the item(s) other than demonstration and display while holding the item(s) for sale in the regular course of my business. I understand that if I use the item(s) purchased under this certificate in any manner other than as just described, I will owe use tax based on each item's purchase price or as otherwise provided by law.							
5.	Description of property to be purchased for resale:							
Foi kno disp Ada	I have read and understand the following: r Your Information: A person may be guilty of a misdemeanor under Reports at the time of purchase that he or she will not resell the purchased ite bolay while holding it for resale) and he or she furnishes a resale certificationally, a person misusing a resale certificate for personal gain or to ever that would have been due, plus a penalty of 10 percent of the tax or \$500	em prior to any use (other than retention, demonstration, or cate to avoid payment to the seller of an amount as tax. ade the payment of tax is liable, for each purchase, for the						
Naı	me of Purchaser							
Sig	nature of Purchaser, Purchaser's Employee or Authorized Representative							
Prir	nted Name of Person Signing	Title						
Add	dress of Purchaser							
Tel	ephone Number	Date						

APPENDIX B California Resale Certificate for the Auto Body Repair and Painting Industry

		for the Auto Body Re	pair and Pain	ting Industry				
	EREBY CERTIFY: I hold valid California seller's pe	rmit number:						
2.	I am engaged in the business of selling the following type of property:							
3.	This certificate is for the purc paragraph 5 below.	nase fromof the item(s) I have <i>initialed</i> in [Vendor's name]						
4.	I will resell the following item(s) course of my business operation while holding the item(s) for sal certificate in any manner other provided by law.	ons, and I will do so prior to e in the regular course of my	making any u business. I u	use of the item(s) of understand that if I	other than demonstra use the item(s) purch	tion and display nased under this		
5.	I am purchasing for resale under this resale certificate the item(s) indicated by my <i>initials</i> below (<i>not</i> an X or similar mark):							
	Automobile parts Clear Coats Electrical Tape Fillers Other (specify items	Paints	nator sives 	Polishes/Wa Primers Putties Rust Protect	ax Seale	rs		
6.	I have read and understand the	following:						
	a person does, in fact, resell ar tax return to offset the amount purchasing one of these items repairs, painting, or the like, this	paid as tax (the deduction is exclusively for resale in the certificate may be used to pro-	s taken under e form of tang urchase such i	"Tax-paid purchas gible personal prop	es resold"). If, howe erty and not for conder "Other" above.	ver, a person is		
	Abrasives	Equipment repair parts	Masks	11.0	Reducers			
	Books	Goggles	Metal cond		Respirators			
	Cans	Hand cleaners	Paint remo		Rubbing compound	S		
	Cleaning solvent	Manuals	Plastic bot		Rubbing machines			
	Color charts Equipment	Masking paper Masking tape	Polishing of	compounds machines	Thinners Touch-up bottles			
	• •		i olisiling i	macrimes	rodon up botties			
7.	I have read and understand the For Your Information: A per purchaser knows at the time of demonstration, or display while amount as tax. Additionally, a each purchase, for the tax that the second se	rson may be guilty of a mis purchase that he or she wil holding it for resale) and he of person misusing a resale ce	I not resell the or she furnishe ertificate for pe	e purchased item p es a resale certificat rsonal gain or to e	orior to any use (othe te to avoid payment to vade the payment of	r than retention the seller of ar tax is liable, fo		
Na	ame of Purchaser							
Si	gnature of Purchaser, Purchaser	's Employee or Authorized Re	epresentative					
Pi	rinted Name of Person Signing		Т	itle				
Ad	ddress of Purchaser		1					
Te	elephone Number		С	Date				

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